



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 2, 1892.

At the conclusion of Mr. Wise's speech at the Alexandria Court House last week, to which the crowd had given a most respectful hearing, calls were made for Mr. Munford, who came forward to the stand, when the first enthusiasm of the day was exhibited. This seemed to infuriate Wise, who declared it was his meeting and that he intended to reply to any one who might speak, but the crowd, not heeding him, continued to call for Munford. At this he became still more infuriated, and turning to the crowd he said:

"How! damn you, how! I have heard the howl of funders before; by God! I will stand here till the crack of doom but that you shall hear me, and unless you hear me I will make my party (pointing to the colored troops) yell your man down."

So spoke the U. S. Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, and President Arthur's candidate for Congressman at large. He had previously in his campaign fought out fistieff fight and one duel. And yet he is the man for whom the Administration wing of the republican party, through Gen. Mahone, commands the Virginia republicans to support for Congressman at large.

REGARDING THE President's influence in the political affairs of his State, the N. Y. Post says:

"The administration has no right whatever to meddle with this matter at all. Looking at the subject from no higher point of view than that of the party the President and his Cabinet are bound to take no other interest in the local disputes of New York than they do in those of Minnesota or Oregon. Any interference or show of interference for one candidate and against another on the part of the national authority clothed as it is with powers derived from the whole nation, would be resented by the self-respecting voters of any State—has always been resented when attempted by former Presidents, and has often led to the party's defeat."

But the President not only interferes with Virginia politics, but even goes to the extent of transforming all the departments of the national government into electioneering bureaus for a democratic scalawag who will not even declare himself a republican, but only a supporter of the Arthur wing of the republican party.

THE MAHONITES attempt to create political capital by making the utterly unfounded assertion that the democrats of Virginia are opposed to reconciliation with the people of the North, and reject every advance made in that direction, and by contrasting this entirely fictitious malignancy with their own hearty acceptance of such advances. But Colonel Fulkerson, who until recently was an inner tub of the Mahonites and who therefore knows all the secrets of the party and its allies, the stalwart republicans, says there never have been any such advances, that the bitterest enemies the South has are these same Arthur republicans, that they carry their enmity with the South to the extent of depriving the people of their own section of just claims because to grant them would benefit some of the old Mexican soldiers in the South, and that "we might just as well treat this subject as it is. The North is not ready yet for reconciliation." At whatever point Mahoneism is examined its hollowness becomes glaringly apparent.

THE MICHIGAN democrats struck the right key when they declared that "no species of industry should be fostered to the injury of another; that no class of men should be taxed directly or indirectly for the benefit of another; that every description of industry should stand or fall on its own merits; that the existing protective tariff is an outrageous scheme of plunder, and in principle and detail violates every democratic principle of right and justice." When the democrats of the whole country shall make a similar declaration, and democratic speakers and writers who understand the subject shall make it plain to the voters, a revenue tariff will be adopted, and every man, woman and child throughout the broad limits of the land experience some of the accruing benefits and be relieved of existing onerous burdens.

GENERAL MAHONE'S Washington organ is very respectful to colored men as long as they patiently submit to the Mahone yoke, but let them once attempt to manifest their independence and the General's old hatred of the race throws off its disguise and makes itself so plain that all who run may read. It misters all the colored men in Virginia who support General Mahone, but calls Dawson, the republican candidate for Congressman-at-large, "the negro carpetbagger from Oberlin."

THURSDAY THE teachers of Virginia were assembled in convention at the University, the chief school in the State. The Superintendent of Public Instruction should have been there by all means, but instead of that, according to a local notice in Wednesday's GAZETTE, he was in this city attending a secret caucus of the Mahonites of this district. But Mr. Farr is nothing to public instruction, nor is it anything to him.

MR. MASSEY at Abingdon last Monday said Captain Wise could always find him if he looked for him among decent people, but he could never be found if hunted for at street fights, dueling grounds, dog fights or in gambling and drinking saloons. The old gentleman can be very severe when he chooses.

PROF. WILLIAMSON, of the Virginia Military Institute, replying to the GAZETTE's allusion to his recent letter favoring the election of Capt. John Wise, says:

"Among the thousands of young men who have been attached to the Virginia Military Institute in the forty odd years I have been connected with it, not one can be found who will assert that I have ever attempted to influence his politics; and what Tom, Dick and Harry, and the newspapers say about politics is not what the greatest and best men Virginia has produced have advised. To teach what Washington, Madison, Mason, and R. E. Lee have said would not be offensive to any true-hearted Virginian. If I taught politics in the Virginia Military Institute, I would teach that every dollar of the State debt ought to be paid with interest; that the public schools ought not to have been started until the State debt had been paid; and that taxes ought to be raised until the debt is paid. One of the old line whigs' principles, charged against Gen. Harrison, was to use the surplus revenues to pay for the slaves. I wish it now could be used to pay the debts of the States which have lost that property. This debt would never have been created had we followed Washington, Madison, Mason, Hamilton, Clay, Webster, instead of having been misled by Calhoun, R. M. T. Hunter, and Jeff. Davis. Let us return to first principles by every effort, regardless of what newspapers, and Tom, Dick, and Harry politicians may say or do."

Now this only sustains what the GAZETTE said, "that the Professor had better let politics alone and confine himself to his books;" for though he writes public letters from the Institute endorsing Mahoneism and advocating the election of a man who supports the Riddleberger bill and who is in close alliance with the party by which the public schools were established before the State was in a condition to support them, and which won't even reduce the tax on Virginia's staple, he says he doesn't attempt to influence the politics of his class, that he is in favor of paying principal and interest of the debt and of raising the taxes to do it, would not have started the public schools till the debt had been paid, and would make the nation pay that debt. Then, too, he says the debt was contracted by "being misled by Calhoun, Hunter and Davis," when not a dollar of it was created by the war, but by works of internal improvement, a hobby of the old whig leaders.

THE NEW YORK Herald professes to be utterly opposed to Machie politics, and says:

"The machine that every politician covets and which every intelligent voter fears and abhors is the organization perfected irregularly, trickily, stealthily, but successfully, by an individual office-holder of high rank for his own personal benefit and advancement. Such a person constructs his machine by filling all offices in his appointment with men who pledge themselves not only to vote for him, but to do everything for him that their official position will enable them to do. To keep such a pledge an office holder must be unmanly enough to sacrifice his freedom of opinion, and dishonest enough to think of his 'boss' first, then of his own very important self, his party next and the public service last of all."

And it denounces the Cameron machine in Pennsylvania, the Blaine machine in Maine, and the Tammany and Cornell machines in New York, but of the worst machine in the whole country, the Mahone machine in Virginia, which is unintentionally described so well, it says never a word.

GENERAL MAHONE says he is in favor of abolishing all race distinctions. And yet the man he wanted to run for Congress in the 2d district was not nominated by the colored majority in the convention because he refused to allow colored people to stop at his hotel at Old Point, and, as a colored speaker in that district said, "the only use he had for negroes at his hotel was to wait on white people."

GENERAL MAHONE'S home organ says:

"Our leaders are the best the State has ever put to front."

Live Virginians, shudder! and you who have gone turn in your graves! Libby, Hooper, Scott and Farr the best leaders the State has ever put to the front, and that, too, according to a newspaper printed in the State!!

THE NEW YORK Globe, the organ there of the colored race says that the colored people of the South will turn to the democratic party for the protection which the republican party has shown itself powerless to extend. When they do they will no longer be duped and deceived as they have been by the party whose control of the country is due solely and entirely to their votes.

Cetewayo has sailed from London for the Cape of Good Hope.

Sarah Bernhardt has left London for Paris on account of ill health.

The English admiralty owe the Suez Canal Company \$300,000 for the transit of ships.

In an attempt made by two men to rescue a political prisoner at Saratoff, Russia, a jailer was mortally wounded and one of the men killed.

Prince Leopold is making satisfactory progress towards recovery, but the unfavorable drowsiness of the Archbishop of Canterbury continues.

Ignace Ephrussi & Co., Jewish bankers at Odessa, and the most important house in South Russia, have given notice of the dissolution of their Russian firm in consequence of the insecurity caused by the persecution of the Jews.

Great excitement was produced in Dublin yesterday by the dismissal of nearly 300 of the city police for attending a prohibited meeting. Large numbers of their sympathizers on the force threw down their shields and struck. At night a mob took possession of the city, and assaulted the soldiers who were sent to disperse them. The soldiers charged upon the rioters, several of whom were seriously injured.

From Egypt.

There is little of interest from the seat of war in Egypt. Only slight skirmishes have occurred at the Ismalia front during the past few days. The report that Arabi Pacha is withdrawing his troops to Tel-el-Kebir is confirmed. A reconnoitring party sent out from Kassassin discovered a new entrenchment about ten miles from that city. There are believed to be but few Egyptian troops at Krif-el-Dwar. General Alison is strengthening his position at Ramleh by contracting his lines.

Arabi Pacha is reported to be confiscating and selling to natives property belonging to Europeans.

The widow of a physician died in San Francisco, Cal., recently leaving a little estate which has been appraised at \$7,785.50. Among the claims filed against it is one from her physician, who claims \$6,600 for two year's services.

POLITICAL.

Private Bob Washington, the best stumper and most popular man in Westmoreland county, has been appointed a canvasser in his district, and if he don't make the wool fly from Col. Mayo it will be because the latter will evade a meeting. Mr. Washington will get to Congress before Col. Mayo—mark the prediction.

Rozier D. Beckley, of this city, and John W. Woltz will address the people of Prince William on Monday next in favor of Dawson for Congressman at large.

The Warrenton True Index says: Let Maj. Conrad place himself still higher in the affections of the people of the 8th District by going to Alexandria next week and nominating John S. Barbour in a speech that will furnish a rallying cry in the election.

Col. John T. Dillard, a leading republican of Nelson county, has pronounced against Mahone.

Called Meeting of the City Council.

A called meeting of the City Council was held last night to take some action in reference to proposed improvements to the Corporation Court room.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

The Board of Aldermen was called to order by President Downham at 8:15 with all the members present except Mr. C. C. Smoot.

A communication from the Mayor, stating that the chairman of the Committee on Public Property had some business for consideration, and calling attention to the unhealthy condition of a lot on the northeast corner of Royal and Princess streets; also, to the importance of providing a place for holding the registration in the Second ward, was read.

On motion of Mr. Rishell as much of the communication as referred to the matter of registration in the Second ward was referred to the Committee on Public Property.

Mr. Strauss said the nuisance on the lot referred to in the Mayor's communication ought to be abated at once; the health of the citizens of the neighborhood demanded prompt action, and on his motion the action referring the matter to the Committee on Streets was reconsidered, and the Superintendent of Police authorized to abate the said nuisance, the cost not to exceed \$20.

Mr. Rishell explained that the Committee on Public Property and the committee of lawyers appointed by Judge Meade for the purpose had held a meeting and decided that some improvements to the Corporation Court room were necessary, and stated that the lawyers contended that the improvements were necessary to the proper transaction of the business of the Court and the Judge had the right to order them, but he doubted any such right; however, the improvements were necessary. He then offered a resolution providing for an appropriation of \$275 for the said improvements, to be expended under the supervision of the Committee on Public Property.

Mr. J. B. Smoot said that things had been cut very close by the last appropriation bill, and if many extra appropriations were made the city would be short at the end of the year, but he was willing to vote for the resolution, as but a small sum was asked for.

Mr. Rishell said about \$50 of the amount would be spent in ornamenting the walls of the Court room, which work he did not think was at all necessary, but the lawyers said that if the city did not do the work the Judge would order it to be done, and the city would have to pay for it in the end.

Mr. Smoot said he did not wish to hear anything about that kind of talk, for if anything would make him vote against the resolution, it was such talk as that.

The resolution was then adopted. Mr. J. B. Smoot said Mr. John H. Parrott had been to see him in reference to the abatement of back taxes on a lot on the corner of Cameron and Patrick streets, which he wished to purchase; that the taxes due on the lot, running since 1860, were more than the property was worth; that he had informed Mr. Parrott that he would have to petition Council, but as Mr. Parrott did not know of this meeting he, Mr. S., would present a petition for him asking the abatement, and take the liberty of signing his, Mr. P.'s, name to it.

The petition was referred to the Finance Committee, and the Board, after ordering the payment of some election bills, adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The Common Council was without a quorum, six members only being present at some time after 8 o'clock. The Aldermen met and concluded their business and still their associate board remained quorumless.

At 8:30 the chair called the board to order. Mr. F. A. Kerby, elected Councilman from the 2d ward, vice Leonard Marbury resigned, appeared. Mr. K. Kemper, Notary Public, administered to him the oaths of office—civil and political equality of races, anti-duelling, &c.—and he took his seat. He was appointed member of the Committee on General Laws.

No quorum yet appearing, the board adjourned.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

A negro woman who lost her foot on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad has sued the company for \$10,000.

There will be three days of running and trotting races at the fair of the Piedmont Agricultural Society, at Culpeper, which commences October 18.

The workmen on the female ward, building at the Penitentiary, at Richmond, struck Thursday because negro men are engaged on it, and Marvin, the bigamist, is architect.

There is trouble again about the water supply in Richmond. A granite dam that lets the water from the river into the canal has sunk, and it will take several weeks to repair the damage.

A passenger and freight train came in collision near Harrisonburg, Tuesday last, in which Mrs. Manuela, wife of a brakeman, had an arm broken, and Conductor McLane received several bruises.

A suit has been instituted in the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond against the Richmond and Petersburg Railroad Company for \$100,000, the plaintiffs being Messrs. James Thomas, Jr., Calderon Carlisle, Franklin Stearns, Thos. Rutherford, and W. P. Smith. The action is for damages caused by the destruction of property of the plaintiffs, originating from the fire which destroyed the Richmond and Petersburg railroad bridge on the 26th of last March.

During the last eleven months there were sold in the Danville market 24,575,000 pounds of leaf tobacco, at an average of \$0.78 per hundred.

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

Ayer's Ague Cure should be in every household in regions where Fever and Ague prevail. It should be taken as a preventive by every resident and traveller in malarial districts.

Invalid wives and mothers quickly restored to health by using Brown's Iron Bitters A true tonic.

R. D. Beckley's Arraignment of Mahone.

To the Colored Republicans of Virginia:

I address this letter to you because I am a negro like yourselves. Under the dominion of the white man for two hundred and fifty years, we have been sorely tried as a race, both in the hours of personal and political slavery. Both were oppressive and wrong. God, in his power and wisdom, struck from our limbs the shackles which had bound our manhood for many years, and for which we ought to thank Him devoutly. Our former masters found other means to continue their persecutions. We have been since the days of our liberation the victims of political proscription and persecution from those who ought to have been our dearest and best friends, our former owners. As a race, and at a time when their families and property were left at our mercy, we forgot the wrongs we had withstood, and like a devoted people we preserved the latter and protected the former. We did right, and for doing the right we ask no credit, but only justice. In the war which resulted in our liberation vast sums in treasure and thousands of human lives were sacrificed. Shall we prove recreant to the trust which these sacrifices left in our charge? I answer for myself—never!

The democratic party of Virginia has ever since the war aimed its shafts of tyranny direct at us, and but for the shield which the republican party has placed in our hands, and which we have defended so heroically, we would have been buried beneath the waves of a political sea. But three short years ago there appeared upon the stage a transmogrified actor. From the chief actor in scenes of carnage and blood, in which our people were the victims, this man appeared, proclaiming himself worn out with the part he had played. Gorged with the deep-laid blood of negro victims, which failed to bring him power, he appeared in the role of the defender of our rights. He has been more successful in this last character. Failing in his appeal to the white race of Virginia to place the crown of power upon his head, William Mahone asked at our hands that which had been denied him by the more intelligent men of our State. Well he knew that he must offer us an atonement for the past, and that he must bring forth fruit meet for repentance. He came with professions of deep repentance, fresh from the scenes of fraud and outrage, and we accepted his proffer in good faith. We placed the sceptre of power in hands dripping with the blood of our people; his conscience we believed had goaded him to acts of atonement. His fertile brain had hatched all manner of tortures for you and me. He it was who had stolen republican liberty in Virginia, and delivered her bound hand and foot, to his tyrant associate Walker. To him more than to all other men are we indebted for the outrages and wrongs that followed our enfranchisement, and which we have borne so patiently. Had he a thousand lives, and each one could exist a thousand years, and were he to devote them all to efforts to undo the wrongs of the past they would not atone for a tithe of the blood of the victims of his cowardly conduct.

The hopes of the confiding negro were raised as in his humble cabin he thanked God for this convert from bloody tyranny to peaceful liberty. Surrounded by difficulties of gigantic proportion, cautioned by our old political associates to beware of this modern savior, discouraged by proclamations from the White House at Washington and halls of Congress, we came from the field and cabin, from the swamps and forests of Virginia, and gathered around the ballot-boxes, into which we tremblingly dropped our atom of power that, condensed, made Mahone the tyrant that he is. We have lived to see the fruits of our efforts.

This actor, who three years ago came pleading for our help, has changed not only his garb, but is playing another character. Grown to gigantic proportions, he struts upon the political stage, waving our black sceptre of power, and bids us kneel at his feet as craven slaves. Shall we kneel as he bids us, or shall we smash him with our bloody hands that insignia of power that we placed there, and send him back to that station from which we rescued him? Shall we be slaves to this satrap, or strike another and final blow for liberty? I hear your answer as it comes up from the fields and patches of the East: I hear it as it comes rolling along the valleys and is echoed from the mountains of the West, "we will be free."

Evidences are fast accumulating and gathering together that William Mahone is now a traitor to the cause of liberty. He has, with our aid, unloosed us from the chariot-wheels of the many political despots only to chain us to the juggernaut of his own train.

We must not and will not be crushed by this traitor's treason. Believe me, my people, when I tell you that it is with us now to redeem ourselves, and that we have dangers to avoid much greater and more destructive than those from which we have escaped. Mahone will be your master and you will be his slaves as sure as you fail to stand by the right you have acquired. This fall, he has put candidates in the field everywhere in Virginia, who know of his treason, and they will call upon you to invest them with power. I warn you that if you vote for one of them, you vote for a Trojan horse within which is hidden the form and features of the tyrant Mahone.

I have neither the time or space to tell you of the outrages which Mahone is perpetrating everywhere upon our old, true, and tried republican friends. It would take volumes in which to record them; but everywhere and all around us lie the mangled remains of those who in the days of Mahone's bloody outrages stood as a mighty breastwork, behind which we could gather our little ones and cry for protection. Shall we desert them now, and for this new and false god? I know that a people who can, as we do, love even our old masters, who in the days of slavery did us great wrongs (from our standpoint), cannot and will not sit idly by and see the men who gathered as friends around us in the past thus foully murdered by the hand of our political assassin. God help you if you prove such base ingrates.

John M. Dawson, a black man like you and me, is fighting under the old banner. The old flag is tattered and torn; its folds bear marks of terrible struggles. In it there is a deep and bloody rent. Draw forth the dagger that struck the blow, and on its gilded blade is stamped the name of Mahone. Shall we not fight on under that old flag, and fling from our sight the bloody knife that this bloody monster drove into our colors? Freedom is written upon that banner. Give Mahone but another chance and he will wipe it out and daub slavery in its stead. Vote for Dawson in November, and as the silent ballot drops into the box it will whisper back your freedom. Vote for Republican candidates wherever and whenever you can. We know they will be true to us. They have never proven recreant, Mahone's tyranny and treachery will be exposed between now and November. Trust neither him nor his candidates. For myself, I would rather be the lean wolf than the fatted dog of such a master as Mahone.

I will be with many of you during the canvass, and I will tell you why we should vote against Mahone's candidates. Come up to the work, and, if we stand together as men and brethren, we can honor a man

of our race who is in every way worthy of our confidence and support; and this is the only chance we have had to send one of our race to Congress from Virginia. Your friend and brother,
R. D. BECKLEY.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Egyptian News.

ALEXANDRIA, September 2.—The man-of-war Minotaur shelled the enemy's lines between Ramleh and Aboukir early this morning.

It is believed that Genl. Wolseley will attack the enemy on Sunday or Monday with a view to overwhelming the rebellion at one stroke.

Skull Fractured.

St. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 2.—During an altercation between the mate of the steamers Grand Republic and Henry Harris, a negro rouabout, the latter threw a stone which struck Commander Best over the left eye and fractured his skull. It is thought he will die. His residence is at Dubuque.

Sentenced.

Lynchburg, Va., Sept. 2.—Adam Wilkinson, the negro who cut his wife's throat from ear to ear in Bedford county several weeks since, was tried in the county court on Thursday and sentenced to 18 years imprisonment in the State prison.

Diphtheria.

PETERSBURG, Va., Sept. 2.—Intelligence has been received here to the effect that diphtheria prevails to a considerable extent in Lunenburg county. In some instances two or three deaths have occurred in a single family.

Two Men Crushed to Death.

UPPER SANDUSKY, Ohio, Sept. 2.—John D. Wickiser and Charles Cline were building a school house near here, when the structure fell, crushing and instantly killing them.

Canard.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 2.—Two letters from Charlevoix, Mich., announce that the report of a schooner and a propeller being sunk there is a canard.

Asiatic Cholera.

HILLSDALE, Mich., Sept. 2.—Richard Martin, of Adams township, died on Thursday night of genuine Asiatic cholera. There is no other case in this vicinity.

Withdrawal.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Sept. 2.—The Democratic candidate for Congress in this district has withdrawn from the field.

Financial.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—The stock market opened in a main fraction lower than it closed yesterday. During the first hour the market was dull but strong and prices receded an advance of 1/4 1/2 percent, in which Northern Pacific preferred was conspicuous.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 2.—Virginia 6s deferred—do consolidated 59 1/2; do second series 34; past due coupons 59 1/2; new 10-40s 42 1/2 bid; to-day. Cotton easier; middlings 12 1/2. Flour unchanged. Wheat—Southern scarce and firm; Western higher and fairly active, closing spot 80 bid; Sept 82 bid; do amber 112 1/2 bid; No 2 Western winter red spot 111 1/2 bid; Sept 111 1/2 bid; Oct 111 1/2 bid; Nov 113 1/2 bid; Dec 114 1/2 bid. Corn—Southern quiet and steady; Western quiet and lower; Southern white 80; do red 78 1/2; do mixed 78 1/2; do yellow 90; Western mixed spot 80 bid; Sept 82 bid; Oct 81 1/2 bid; Nov and Dec 67 1/2 bid; Jan 69 asked. Oats steady with rather better feeling; Southern 42 1/2; do red rust proof 40; Western white 42 1/2; do mixed 38 1/2; Penna 40 1/2. Rye quiet and higher at 66 1/2. Hay unchanged. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 84 1/2; Sugar quiet; A soft 9 1/2. Whiskey higher at \$1 20 1/2 21.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Stocks dull and lower. Money 5. Cotton easy; uplands 12 1/2; Orleans 13 1/2-16. Flour dull and heavy. Wheat heavy and 1/4 1/2 lower. Corn heavy and 1/4 1/2 lower.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 2, 1892.—Senator Johnston is here to-day. He says he is convinced that Mr. Massey will be elected Congressman at large in his State. He says he hears of no democrat in the 9th district who will vote for Wise, but that he not only hears of but knows many readjusters, men who have heretofore been among the strongest of General Mahone's supporters, who intend to vote and besides to work for Massey. He says that Mahone did a bad day's work for himself when he broke with Fulkerson, and knows it now, or he would not have sent Mr. Elam out to Abingdon in the vain attempt at reconciliation, as he is reported to have done.

Floyd and Sam Hurt are two of the best party managers in the 9th district. They have heretofore been Mahone's best friends, but are now opposed to him, and are working to elect Massey. One of them was a director in the General's railroad, and was superintendent of the Salt works. They are influential men, and with Kelly, the readjuster member of the Legislature; Rhea, Judge of the County Court; Ward, editor of the Abingdon Virginian; Summers, a prominent lawyer, and other heretofore strong Mahonites in Washington county, dissatisfied by others in every county in the district, all working for Massey, are producing a change in public feeling that is surprising. He says that in Tazewell county, men who were recently the strongest sort of readjusters, now declare their intention of voting against Wise and Bowen. It is the same all through that district, and so far as he can lean the feeling against Mahone throughout the entire State is so great that it will be a miracle if he is not defeated.

The letter of Dorsey, declining the offer of the Interior Department, tendered him by President Garfield, is in the hands of the newspaper correspondents and will be published as soon as the Star-route trial is over. It seems to be pretty well conceded that the jury in the case has been so well "fixed" at least, so far as Dorsey is concerned, that he will be acquitted.

A telegram from Brownsville to-day reports 71 new cases of and 3 deaths from yellow fever since yesterday's report. It is surmised that the discrepancy between the number of cases and the number of deaths is due to a desire to continue the receipt of the \$500 a day now coming from the Marine Hospital to keep up the cordon of cowboys around that town to prevent the egress of its plague-stricken population. Two new cases and two deaths are reported at Pensacola.

Intelligence from the Norfolk district in Virginia is to the effect that Dawson and Desondor will get a large majority of the colored vote of that district, and that Dawson is in receipt of letters assuring him of a large support in all portions of the State. Libby, it is said is not popular with either wing of the coalition, and Wise has been too recently a proscriptive democrat for either the white or colored republicans to hanker much after him.

A private citizen but well informed resident of Washington county, Va., here to-day says the democratic committee of the 9th Virginia district met last Tuesday and resolved to put no regular candidate in the field for Congressman in that district, but to support either Fulkerson or Newberry. He is of the opinion that Newberry will retire before the day of election and that Fulkerson will beat Bowen, the Mahone candidate

by a large majority. He says that Dodson, the straight-out republican in the district, will get a few republican votes in Scott and Wise counties, but that every one of such votes will count against Bowen.

George C. Round, a prominent republican of Prince William county, Va., and who, it was supposed, would be the Mahone candidate for Congress from the 1st district of that State, has written a long and strong letter addressed to the President, demanding that he should not loose from Mahone, if he would not annihilate the republican party in that State and the entire South. This letter, it is understood, will be first published in a New York paper. Woltz, and Beckley, a prominent colored politician of the 8th district, will speak at Brentsville next Monday, Court day, and they say they will open the eyes of their hearers to the General's duplicity and oppression wider than they have done in their published cards.

B. B. Harris was commissioned postmaster at Wakefield station, Sussex co., Va., to-day.

The democratic congressional committee thought so much of Mr. Fulkerson's recent speech, a stenographic report of which was published in the GAZETTE, that they ordered ten thousand copies of it to be distributed in Virginia.

Judge A. D. Dickinson, of the Prince Edward circuit, who has lately come out of Mass., has heretofore been a pronounced readjuster, and has long been a most influential man in his section of the State, his defection is another serious blow to the General.

Republican Executive Committee.

A meeting of the Republican State Executive Committee was held yesterday, when the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas it is the desire of this committee that Republican candidates for Congress should be placed in the field in each of the congressional districts of this State; and whereas Col. John W. Woltz has announced himself a Republican candidate in the First congressional district; therefore be it Resolved, That there being no other Republican candidate in that district, we do earnestly endorse Mr. Woltz, and do call upon the Republicans of the First congressional district to give Mr. Woltz their cordial support.

The following resolution was also adopted:

That the Republicans of the Fourth congressional district are requested, and hereby urged, to call a convention without delay to nominate a Republican candidate to represent them in the next Congress of the United States.

The committee determined to print five thousand copies of Col. Woltz's letter to Mahone, and distribute it as a campaign document.

The Governor General and Princess Louise left Quebec Friday night on the mail steamer for Montreal en route to British Columbia.

The receipts of cotton at Petersburg for the cotton year ending yesterday were 27,120 bales.

General Butler has arrived in Quebec with the yacht America.

Mr. James Barron Hope, peremptorily declines to permit the use of his name as a candidate for Congress in the Norfolk district.